



Cisco SCA BB Service Configuration API Programmer Guide

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Americas Headquarters
Cisco Systems, Inc.
170 West Tasman Drive
San Jose, CA 95134-1706
USA
<http://www.cisco.com>
Tel: 408 526-4000
800 553-NETS (6387)
Fax: 408 527-0883

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Cisco SCA BB Service Configuration API Programmer Guide
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CHAPTER 1

SCA BB Service Configuration API Overview

This chapter describes various terms and concepts that are utilized when working with the Cisco SCA BB Service Configuration API (Service Configuration API).

- [Service Configurations](#)
- [Information About The Service Configuration API](#)

Service Configurations

One of the fundamental entities in the Cisco Service Control solution is a service configuration. A service configuration is a collection of configuration parameters that together determine how the Cisco Service Control Application, which runs on the Service Control Engine (SCE) platform, performs classification, accounting and reporting, and control of network traffic.

By editing a service configuration and applying it to the SCE platform, you can change the way traffic is classified and enforce different policies.

For more information about service configurations and traffic processing, see the *Cisco Service Control Application for Broadband User Guide* .

Information About The Service Configuration API

Usually, editing and managing service configurations is done manually in the Cisco SCA BB Console, which is a GUI tool that lets you edit every aspect of the configuration and apply changes to the SCE platform.

The Service Configuration API provides the ability for external applications to change the policy that is enforced by an SCE platform, by programmatically editing service configurations and applying these configurations to SCE platforms.

The Service Configuration API has two parts, each dealing with a different type of task:

- **The Service Configuration Management API**—Handles the tasks that are performed on a service configuration as a whole, such as applying a configuration to an SCE platform, and saving the configuration to a file
- **Service Configuration Editing API**—Handles changes to a single service configuration, such as changing a classification criterion or adding a policy rule

Information About The Service Configuration Management API

- [The Service Configuration Management API](#)
- [Service Configuration Management API Classes](#)

The Service Configuration Management API

The Service Configuration Management API can be used to perform the following tasks:

- Create a new service configuration—Creates a new service configuration object, with default configuration values. This configuration can be edited, and then applied to an SCE platform or saved to a file.
- Save a service configuration to a file—Saves a service configurations to a PQB files. PQB files created by the API can be edited in the SCA BB Console, and vice versa.
- Read a service configuration from a file—Loads a PQB file, before applying it to an SCE platform or for editing purposes.
- Apply a service configuration to an SCE platform—Activates a service configuration on an SCE platform (the main operation of the API). This is performed by creating a connection from the API program to the SCE platform, and then applying the service configuration to the SCE platform over the connection.
- Retrieve a service configuration from an SCE platform—Gets the currently applied service configuration from the SCE platform. This is performed by creating a connection from the API program to the SCE platform, and then transferring the configuration from the SCE platform over the connection.
- Export parts of the service configuration to CSV files—Export parts of a service configuration, such as zones, flavors, and protocols, to a CSV file. CSV files can be manipulated manually or by some external system, and then imported back into service configurations.
- Import parts of the service configuration from CSV files—Imports parts of a service configuration from a CSV file to an open service configuration. A program can create such CSV files automatically, import them into a service configuration, and then apply the updated configuration to the SCE platform. Those parts of service configurations that can be imported to and exported from CSV files are described in the “Using the Service Configuration Editor” chapter of the *Cisco Service Control Application for Broadband User Guide*. The CSV formats are described in the “CSV File Formats” chapter of the *Cisco Service Control Application for Broadband Reference Guide*.

Those parts of service configurations that can be imported to and exported from CSV files are described in the “Using the Service Configuration Editor” chapter of the *Cisco Service Control Application for Broadband User Guide* . The CSV formats are described in the “CSV File Formats” chapter of the *Cisco Service Control Application for Broadband Reference Guide* .

Service Configuration Management API Classes

The main classes of the Service Configuration Management API are:

- SCABB—Provides methods for connecting to the SCE platform, to be used for apply and retrieve operations
- ConnectionApi—The connection to the SCE platform

- `ImportExportApi`—Provides methods for saving service configurations to and reading service configurations from PQB files, and for importing and exporting parts of service configurations to and from CSV files
- `ServiceConfigApi`—Provides the methods for creating a new service configuration, and for applying service configurations to and retrieving service configurations from SCE platforms
- `ServiceConfig`—Objects of this class are containers of configuration parameters that, when applied to the SCE platform, determine how the service control application performs classification, accounting and reporting, and control over network traffic

Information About The Service Configuration Editing API

- [The Service Configuration Editing API](#)
- [Service Configuration Editing API Data Types](#)

The Service Configuration Editing API

The Service Configuration Editing API can be used to perform the following tasks:

- Inspecting a service configuration—The API can inspect a configuration that is retrieved from an SCE platform to determine, for example, which services and subscriber packages it contains. This can be used for comparing two configurations.
- Configuring criteria for traffic classification—A service configuration can determine how traffic is classified according to various criteria, for example, according to the URL of HTTP transactions. For example, the API can be used to automatically update lists of URLs that deny access to certain websites.
- Configuring various aspects of traffic control—The service configuration determines how network traffic is controlled using rules per service and per subscriber package, elaborate BW control hierarchy, and quota management models. The API can be used to change these settings, thereby changing the policy enforced by the SCE platform in an automatic manner, for example, as a response to some external trigger or at specified time intervals.



Note

Provisioning policy to subscribers cannot be performed using this API. Use the Subscriber APIs described in the SM API programmer's guides (see the *Cisco SCMS SM Java API Programmer Guide* or the *Cisco SCMS SM C/C++ API Programmer Guide*).



Note

Monitoring counters cannot be performed using this API. Monitor counters via SNMP to the SCE platform (see the “SCA BB Proprietary MIB Reference” chapter of the *Cisco Service Control Application for Broadband Reference Guide*) or via SQL to the Cisco Service Control Management Suite Collection Manager database (see the *Cisco Service Control Management Suite Collection Manager User Guide*).

Service Configuration Editing API Data Types

- The main data types for traffic classification settings are services, protocols, signatures, zones, and flavors.

- The main data types for traffic accounting and reporting are counter definitions and various RDR parameters.
- The main data types for traffic control are packages, rules, subscriber BW controllers and global BW controllers.

An explanation of the objects (service configuration entities) that make up a service configuration is beyond the scope of this document: refer to the “Traffic Processing Overview” chapter of the *Cisco Service Control Application for Broadband User Guide*. Using the SCA BB Console (which uses the Service Configuration Editing API) is a good way to become familiar with these configuration objects, and to get an idea of what you can do with the API.

Program Workflow Using the Service Configuration API

A common workflow for an application that uses the Service Configuration API is:

DETAILED STEPS

Step 1 The application retrieves a service configuration from the SCE platform.

Step 2 The application modifies the service configuration.

For example, the application may import zone settings from a CSV file (a zone is a list of network-side IP addresses that serve as a classification criterion). After a zone is defined in the service configuration, you can create a rule to control all network traffic going to that zone.

Step 3 The application applies the modified service configuration to the SCE platform so that classification and enforcement can take place according to the updated configuration.

Another common workflow makes use of a set of predefined service configurations (created manually in the SCA BB Console). In this workflow, the application uses the API to apply each service configuration to the SCE platform, either as a response to some external trigger or at specified times.

Implementing these workflows using the Service Configuration API is demonstrated in [Information About Programming with the SCA BB Service Configuration API](#).



CHAPTER 2

Information About Getting Started

This chapter explains how to install, compile, and run the Cisco SCA BB Service Configuration API (Service Configuration API).

- [System Requirements](#)
- [Information About Installing the Package](#)
- [Information About Compiling and Running the Service Configuration API](#)
- [Information About Service Control Engine Platform Setup](#)

System Requirements

You can run the Service Configuration API on Win32, Solaris, and Linux platforms.

Compiling and running Java programs using the Service Configuration API requires JDK and JRE versions 1.4 or 1.5.



Note

To use the API with Java 1.5, you must set a special JRE option (see [Running the Service Configuration API with Java 1.5](#)).

Information About Installing the Package

- [Installing the Package](#)
- [Distribution Content](#)

Installing the Package

The Service Configuration API distribution is packaged in the file **serviceconfig-java-api-dist.tgz**, which is included in the SCA BB installation package.

To install, unpack the TGZ file (keeping the folder structure) to an empty folder.

- On Win32 platforms, use any common Windows compression utility to extract the file.
- On Linux/Solaris platforms, use:

```
#>tar -xvfpz serviceconfig-java-api-dist.tgz
```

The Service Configuration API is now installed and ready for use.

Distribution Content

The Service Configuration API distribution package installs the following folders and files:

- **<installation folder>**
- **<installation folder>\doc**
 - **serviceconfig-javadoc.zip** —The Service Configuration API Javadoc documentation
- **<installation folder>\lib**
 - **serviceconfigapi.jar** —The Service Configuration API library
 - **jdmkrt.jar**

This folder may contain additional library JAR files that are necessary for the Service Configuration API operation.

Information About Compiling and Running the Service Configuration API

- [Compiling and Running the Service Configuration API](#)
- [Running the Service Configuration API with Java 1.5](#)

Compiling and Running the Service Configuration API

In order to compile and run a program that uses the Service Configuration API, you must have **serviceconfigapi.jar** in the CLASSPATH.

For example, if your program source is in **MyApiClass.java**, your compilation command line should be:

```
#>javac -classpath .;<installation folder>\lib\serviceconfigapi.jar MyApiClass.java
```

To run the program, the command line should be:

```
#>java -cp .;<installation folder>\lib\serviceconfigapi.jar MyApiClass
```

Running the Service Configuration API with Java 1.5

To use the Service Configuration API with Java 1.5, some library classes must precede the JRE classes in the boot classpath. Add the following argument to the command line:

```
-Xbootclasspath/p:<installation folder>/lib/jdmkrt.jar
```

For example:

```
#>java -Xbootclasspath/p:<installation folder>/lib/jdmkrt.jar -cp .;<installation folder>/lib/serviceconfigapi.jar MyApiClass
```

Information About Service Control Engine Platform Setup

The following sections describe the configuration that is performed on the Service Control Engine (SCE) platform to allow correct Service Configuration API functioning.

- [SCA BB Setup](#)
- [PRPC Server](#)

SCA BB Setup

The Service Configuration API configures SCA BB, which should be installed on the SCE platform. For more information, see the *Cisco Service Control Application for Broadband User Guide* .

PRPC Server

The Service Configuration API uses the Proprietary Remote Procedure Call (PRPC) protocol as a transport for the connection to the SCE. PRPC is a proprietary RPC protocol designed by Cisco. For more information, see the *Cisco SCMS SCE Subscriber API Programmer's Guide* .

Before using the Service Configuration API, ensure that:

- The SCE is up and running, and reachable from the machine that hosts the Service Configuration API
- The PRPC server on the SCE has started



CHAPTER 3

Information About Programming with the SCA BB Service Configuration API

This chapter is a reference for the main classes and methods of the Cisco SCA BB Service Configuration API (Service Configuration API). It also contains programming guidelines and code examples.

- [Service Configuration API Packages](#)
- [Package com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt](#)
- [Information About Class SCABB](#)
- [Information About Class ConnectionApi](#)
- [Information About Class ImportExportApi](#)
- [Information About Class ServiceConfigApi](#)
- [Information About Class ServiceConfig](#)
- [Information About Service Configuration API Programming Guidelines](#)
- [Information About Service Configuration API Code Examples](#)

Service Configuration API Packages

The Service Configuration API includes the following packages.

- Service Configuration Management API
 - com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt
 - com.pcube.apps.engage
- Service Configuration Editing API
 - com.cisco.scasbb.backend.classification—Provides representation of the various model objects
 - com.pcube.apps.engage.common—Provides the classes that are used by the Policy and Subscriber classes
 - com.pcube.apps.engage.policy—Provides the classes that define service configurations

Only com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt is documented here. For details of the other packages, refer to the Javadoc that is part of the Service Configuration API distribution (see Distribution Content (on page 2-2)).

Package com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt

- **SCABB**—Provides methods for connecting to the SCE platform; these methods are used for apply and retrieve operations.
- **ConnectionApi**—The connection to the SCE platform.
- **ImportExportApi**—Provides methods for saving service configurations to and reading service configurations from PQB files, and for importing and exporting parts of a service configuration to and from CSV files.
- **ServiceConfigApi**—Provides methods for creating a new service configuration, and for applying service configurations to and retrieving service configurations from SCE platforms.
- **ServiceConfig**—Instances of this class are containers of configuration parameters that, when applied to the SCE platform, determine how the service control application performs classification, accounting and reporting, and control over network traffic.

Information About Class SCABB

- [Information About Class SCABB Methods](#)

Information About Class SCABB Methods

- [login](#)
- [login](#)
- [logout](#)
- [addNotificationListener](#)
- [removeNotificationListener](#)
- [getDefaultProtocolFamilies](#)

login

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static ConnectionApi login(String hostName,  
String userName,  
String password,  
byte deviceType)  
throws ConnectionFailedException
```


Description

Connects to the SCE platform; the method returns a handle that is used by all the API methods that affect the device. Every login operation must be closed with a *logout(ConnectionApi)* operation.

Parameters

- **hostName**—The SCE host address.
- **userName**—The user name.
- **password**—The password.
- **deviceType**—The device type. Use device type *Connection.SE_DEVICE* to connect to an SCE platform.

Return Value

The connection, which is a handle passed to all the API methods.

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ConnectionFailedException**—Thrown if the login fails; you can retrieve the reason for the failure from the exception

login

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public static ConnectionApi login(com.pcube.management.framework.client.SessionObject
sessionObject)
```

Description

Connects to a device by using an existing *SessionObject*; the method returns a handle that is used by all the API methods which affect the device.

Every login operation must be closed with a *logout(ConnectionApi)* operation.

Parameters

- **sessionObject**—An existing SessionObject of the device

Return Value

The connection, which is a handle passed to all the API methods.

logout

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)

Syntax

```
public static void logout(ConnectionApi connectionApi)
```

Description

Disconnects from the SCE; the connection cannot be used after this method is called.

Parameters

- **connection**—The connection that keeps a handle to the connection to the SCE

addNotificationListener

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)

Syntax

```
public static void addNotificationListener(NotificationListener listener)
```

Description

Subscribes the specified SCABB notification listener to receive notifications regarding all operations performed by the SCABB API.

The listener must implement the NotificationListener interface.

Parameters

- **listener**—The NotificationListener

removeNotificationListener

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void removeNotificationListener(NotificationListener listener)
```

Description

Unsubscribes the SCABB listener from receiving notifications regarding SCABB API operations.

The removed listener will not receive any more notifications.

Parameters

- **listener**—The NotificationListener to be removed

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **IllegalArgumentException**—If the listener was never subscribed to listen to SCABB notifications

getDefaultProtocolFamilies

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [See Also](#)

Syntax

```
public static InputStream getDefaultProtocolFamilies()
```

Description

Get the default protocol families for this class

Return Value

An InputStream of the protocol families

See Also

Class.getResourceAsStream(java.lang.String)

Information About Class ConnectionApi

Class ConnectionApi is a connection handle to the SCE that is used by all of the Service Configuration API and Subscriber API methods.

Class ConnectionApi methods are explained in the following sections.

- [Information About Class ConnectionApi Methods](#)

Information About Class ConnectionApi Methods

- [isConnected](#)

isConnected

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public boolean isConnected()
```

Description

Checks if the connection is valid.

Return Value

true if connected to the device, false otherwise

Information About Class ImportExportApi

Class ImportExportApi is an API for import and export operations. Service configuration elements are imported and exported in CSV formats. Service configuration are imported and exported in XML format.

Class ImportExportApi methods are explained in the following sections.

- [Information About Class ImportExportApi Constructor](#)
- [Information About Class ImportExportApi Methods](#)

Information About Class ImportExportApi Constructor

- [ImportExportApi](#)

ImportExportApi

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)

Syntax

```
public ImportExportApi()
```

Description

The ImportExportApi constructor.

Information About Class ImportExportApi Methods

- [exportServiceConfiguration](#)
- [importServiceConfiguration](#)
- [importFlavors](#)
- [importFlavors](#)
- [importZones](#)
- [importZones](#)
- [importProtocols](#)
- [importProtocols](#)
- [importServices](#)
- [importServices](#)
- [exportProtocols](#)
- [exportProtocols](#)
- [exportZones](#)
- [exportZones](#)
- [exportFlavors](#)
- [exportFlavors](#)

- [exportServices](#)
- [exportServices](#)
- [loadListArray](#)

exportServiceConfiguration

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportServiceConfiguration(ServiceConfig servConf,  
File f)  
throws FileNotFoundException,  
ImportExportException
```

Description

Exports a service configuration to a file.

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration to export
- **f**—The file to which to export the service configuration

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- `FileNotFoundException`
- `ImportExportException`—If an error occurs during export

importServiceConfiguration

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static ServiceConfig importServiceConfiguration(File f)  
throws ImportExportException,  
IOException
```

Description

Imports a service configuration from the specified file.

Parameters

- **f**—The file containing the service configuration to import

Return Value

The imported service configuration

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- `ImportExportException`—If an error occurs during import
- `IOException`

importFlavors

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void importFlavors(ServiceConfig servConf,
    FlavorType flavorType,
    File file)
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Imports flavors of a specified type from a specified CSV file

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration into which to import the flavors
- **flavorType**—The type of the imported flavors
- **file**—The CSV file from which to import

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- `ImportExportException`—If an error occurs during import

importFlavors

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void importFlavors(ServiceConfig servConf,  
    FlavorType flavorType,  
    InputStream inStream)  
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Imports flavors of a specified type from a given input-stream

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration into which to import the flavors
- **flavorType**—The type of the imported flavors
- **inStream**—The input stream from which to import

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during import

importZones

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void importZones(ServiceConfig servConf,  
    File file)  
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Imports zones from a specified CSV file

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration into which to import the zones
- **file**—The CSV file from which to import

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during import

importZones

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)

- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void importZones(ServiceConfig servConf,
    InputStream inStream)
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Imports zones from a given input stream

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration into which to import the zones
- **inStream**—The input stream from which to import

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during import

importProtocols

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void importProtocols(ServiceConfig servConf,
    File file)
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Imports protocols from a specified CSV file

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration into which to import the protocols
- **file**—The CSV file from which to import

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during import

importProtocols

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)

- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void importProtocols(ServiceConfig servConf,  
InputStream inStream)  
throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Imports protocols from a given input stream

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration into which to import the protocols
- **inStream**—The input stream from which to import

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during import

importServices

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void importServices(ServiceConfig servConf,  
File file)  
throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Imports services from a specified CSV file

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration into which to import the services
- **file**—The CSV file from which to import

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during import

importServices

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)

- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void importServices(ServiceConfig servConf,
InputStream inStream)
throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Imports services from a given input stream

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration into which to import the services
- **inStream**—The input stream from which to import

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during import

exportProtocols

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportProtocols(List protocols,
File file)
throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Exports protocols to a specified file in a CSV format

Parameters

- **protocols**—The list of protocols to export
- **file**—The file to which to export

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during export

exportProtocols

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)

- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportProtocols(List protocols,
    OutputStream outputStream)
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Exports protocols to a given output stream in a CSV format

Parameters

- **protocols**—The list of protocols to export
- **outStream**—The output stream to which to export

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during export

exportZones

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportZones(List zones,
    File file)
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Exports zones to a specified file in a CSV format

Parameters

- **zones**—The list of zones to export
- **file**—The file to which to export

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during export

exportZones

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)

- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportZones(List zones,
    OutputStream outputStream)
    throws ImportErrorException
```

Description

Exports zones to a given output stream in a CSV format

Parameters

- **zones**—The list of zones to export
- **outStream**—The output stream to which to export

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during export

exportFlavors

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportFlavors(List flavors,
    FlavorType flavorType,
    File file)
    throws ImportErrorException
```

Description

Exports flavors of a specified type to a specified file in a CSV format

Parameters

- **flavors**—The list of flavors to export
- **flavorType**—The type of the exported flavors
- **file**—The file to which to export

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during export

exportFlavors

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)

- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportFlavors(List flavors,
    FlavorType flavorType,
    OutputStream outputStream)
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Exports flavors of a specified type to a given output stream in a CSV format

Parameters

- **flavors**—The list of flavors to export
- **flavorType**—The type of the exported flavors
- **outStream**—The output stream to which to export

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- `ImportExportException`—If an error occurs during export

exportServices

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportServices(ServiceConfig servConf,
    File file)
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Exports services from a service configuration to a file in CSV format

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration from which to export the services
- **file**—The file to which to export

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- `ImportExportException`—If an error occurs during export

exportServices

- [Syntax](#)

- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportServices(ServiceConfig servConf,
    OutputStream outputStream)
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Exports services from a service configuration to an output stream in CSV format

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration from which to export the services
- **outStream**—The output stream to which to export

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**—If an error occurs during export

loadListArray

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void loadListArray(ServiceConfig servConf,
    InputStream inputStream)
    throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Deprecated—Only used for 2.57 host list and IP list:

- It converts 2.57 CSV host-list files into 3.0 CSV HTTP URL flavor files
- It converts 2.57 CSV IP-list files into 3.0 CSV zone files

For loading 3.0 CSV files use the methods `importFlavors(ServiceConfig, FlavorType, File)` and `importZones(ServiceConfig, File)`

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration into which to import the services
- **inStream**—The input stream to import to

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ImportExportException**

Information About Class ServiceConfigApi

Class ServiceConfigApi exposes Service Configuration API methods. All of these methods get or set data located in the SCE, and therefore require a connection to the SCE platform.

Class ServiceConfigApi methods are explained in the following sections.

- [Class ServiceConfigApi Methods](#)

Class ServiceConfigApi Methods

- [applyServiceConfiguration](#)
- [applyServiceConfiguration](#)
- [applyServiceConfiguration](#)
- [retrieveServiceConfiguration](#)
- [updateValuesIni](#)
- [updateValuesIni](#)
- [validateServiceConfiguration](#)
- [importServConf](#)
- [exportServConf](#)
- [importDefaultServConf](#)

applyServiceConfiguration

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static long applyServiceConfiguration(ConnectionApi connectionApi,  
ServiceConfig servConf)  
throws ElementManagementException,  
ApplyException
```

Description

Applies a service configuration to the specified SCE.

Parameters

- **connectionApi**—The ConnectionApi, which keeps a handle to the connection to the SCE
- **servConf**—The service configuration to apply

Return Value

The operation timestamp

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- `ElementManagementException`
- `ApplyException`

applyServiceConfiguration

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static long applyServiceConfiguration(ConnectionApi connectionApi,
ServiceConfig servConf,
Properties applySettings)
throws ElementManagementException,
ApplyException
```

Description

Applies a service configuration to the specified SCE.

Parameters

- `connectionApi`—The `ConnectionApi`, which keeps a handle to the connection to the SCE
- `servConf`—The service configuration to apply
- `applySettings`—Properties

Return Value

The operation timestamp

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- `ElementManagementException`
- `ApplyException`

applyServiceConfiguration

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)
- [See Also](#)

Syntax

```
public static long applyServiceConfiguration(ConnectionApi connectionApi,
ServiceConfig servConf,
boolean updateCm,
Properties cmIpRemap,
int cmUpdateMethod,
int rpcPort)
throws ElementManagementException,
ApplyException
```

Description

Applies a service configuration to the specified SCE.

Parameters

- **connectionApi**—The ConnectionApi, which keeps a handle to the connection to the SCE
- **servConf**—The service configuration to apply
- **updateCm**—Whether the Collection Manager for the specified SCE will be updated with the specified service configuration values
- **cmIpRemap**—A map from the CM IP address as configured in the SCE, to the actual CM addresses
- **cmUpdateMethod**—The method to use to connect to the CM
- **rpcPort**—Port number for the CM RPC connection

Return Value

The operation timestamp

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- ElementManagementException
- ApplyException

See Also

PolicyAPI.DC_UPDATE_METHOD_RPC, PolicyAPI.DC_DEFAULT_RPC_PORT

retrieveServiceConfiguration

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static ServiceConfig retrieveServiceConfiguration(ConnectionApi connectionApi)
throws IOException,
ElementManagementException,
ApplyException
```

Description

Retrieves the service configuration loaded in the specified SCE.

Parameters

- **connectionApi**—The ConnectionApi that keeps a handle to the connection to the SCE

Return Value

The service configuration in the SCE platform

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- IOException
- ElementManagementException
- ApplyException

updateValuesIni

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void updateValuesIni(String cmAddress,
String sceAddress,
ServiceConfig servConf)
throws ApplyException
```

Description

Updates the CM with data from the SCE platform's service configuration.

Parameters

- **cmAddress**—The address of the CM to update
- **sceAddress**—The address of the SCE platform that enforces the given service configuration
- **servConf**—The service configuration

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- ApplyException

updateValuesIni

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)

- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void updateValuesIni(String cmAddress,  
String sceAddress,  
ServiceConfig servConf,  
int cmUpdateMethod,  
int rpcPort)  
throws ApplyException
```

Description

Updates the CM with data from the SCE platform's service configuration.

Parameters

- **cmAddress**—The address of the CM to update
- **sceAddress**—The address of the SCE platform that enforces the given service configuration
- **servConf**—The service configuration
- **cmUpdateMethod**
- **rpcPort**

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- `ApplyException`

validateServiceConfiguration

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [See Also](#)

Syntax

```
public static ArrayList validateServiceConfiguration(ServiceConfig servConf)
```

Description

Validates a service configuration

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration to validate

Return Value

A vector with warning messages regarding rules that might have undesirable results

See Also

PolicyValidator.validatePolicy(com.pcube.apps.engage.policy.Policy)

importServConf

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static ServiceConfig importServConf(File pqbfile)
throws ImportExportException,
IOException
```

Description

Loads the service configuration from a PQB file.

Parameters

- **pqbfile**—The PQB file to load

Return Value

The resulting service configuration

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- `ImportExportException`
- `IOException`

exportServConf

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static void exportServConf(ServiceConfig servConf,
File pqbfile)
throws FileNotFoundException,
ImportExportException
```

Description

Saves a service configuration to a PQB file

Parameters

- **servConf**—The service configuration to save
- **pqbfile**—The PQB file into which to save the service configuration

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- [FileNotFoundException](#)
- [ImportExportException](#)

importDefaultServConf

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public static ServiceConfig importDefaultServConf()  
throws ImportExportException
```

Description

Loads the default service configuration

Return Value

The default service configuration

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- [ImportExportException](#)

Information About Class ServiceConfig

Class `ServiceConfig` is the whole set of lists, protocols, services, and packages that an ISP has defined. The service configuration is applied to the `ServiceConfig Domain`'s SCE platforms and sets their application parameters to regulate subscribers' flows.

Class `ServiceConfig` methods are explained in the following sections.

- [Class ServiceConfig Methods](#)

Class ServiceConfig Methods

- [getCalendarList](#)
- [getClassificationCfg](#)
- [getDynamicSignatureScript](#)
- [getPackageList](#)
- [getPolicySettings](#)
- [getProtocolRedirectIndexNameArray](#)
- [getProtocolRedirectString](#)

- [getRealTimeFrameName](#)
- [getServiceList](#)
- [getSubNotifications](#)
- [getTimeFrameNames](#)
- [getProtocolRedirectString](#)
- [getZoneList](#)
- [isProtocolRedirectable](#)
- [setProtocolRedirectString](#)
- [setProtocolRedirectString](#)
- [setTimeFrameName](#)
- [setTimeFrameName](#)
- [setTimeFrameNames](#)

getCalendarList

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public CalendarArray getCalendarList()
```

Description

Gets the calendar list

Return Value

The list of calendars in the service configuration

getClassificationCfg

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public ClassificationConfiguration getClassificationCfg()
```

Description

Gets the classification configuration

Return Value

The classification-related configuration in the domain

getDynamicSignatureScript

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public DynamicSignaturesScript getDynamicSignatureScript()
```

Description

Gets the dynamic-signature configuration

Return Value

The dynamic-signature script

getPackageList

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public PackageArray getPackageList()
```

Description

Gets this service configuration's package list.

Return Value

This service configuration's package list

getPolicySettings

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public PolicySettings getPolicySettings()
```

Description

Gets this service configuration's settings. These settings are general system settings for the SCE platforms in this service configuration's domain.

Return Value

This service configuration's settings

getProtocolRedirectIndexNameArray

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public ProtocolRedirectIndexNameArray getProtocolRedirectIndexNameArray()
```

Description

Gets the list of the protocols' redirect index names.

Return Value

The list of the protocols' redirect index names

getProtocolRedirectString

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public String getProtocolRedirectString(String protocolName,  
int redirectIndex)  
throws ItemNotFoundException
```

Description

Gets the redirect address for the protocol in a certain index in its redirect String array.

Redirection is part of the protocol's specification, and exists for only a few predefined protocols.

Parameters

- **protocolName**—The queried protocol
- **redirectIndex**—The index in the redirect String array

Return Value

The redirect address

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ItemNotFoundException**—If there is no such predefined protocol in this service configuration's ProtocolArray, or if the redirect index is out of bound

getRealTimeFrameName

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public String getRealTimeFrameName(String name)
throws ItemNotFoundException
```

Description

Gets the predefined API name for a certain TimeFrame.

Parameters

- **name**—This service configuration's alias for the TimeFrame

Return Value

The TimeFrame's API name

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- `ItemNotFoundException`—If there is no such alias in this service configuration

getServiceList

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public ServiceArray getServiceList()
```

Description

Gets this service configuration's service list.

Return Value

This service configuration's service list

getSubNotifications

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public SubNotificationArray getSubNotifications()
```

Description

Gets the subscriber notifications as configured in the service configuration

Return Value

The subscriber notifications

getTimeFrameNames

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public String[] getTimeFrameNames()
```

Description

Gets the time-frame names this service configuration has assigned to the different TimeFrames.

These aliases allow time frames to have meaningful names.

The returned String array keeps in index X the alias of the TimeFrame index X.

Return Value

The String array of this service configuration's time-frame names

getProtocolRedirectString

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public String getProtocolRedirectString(String protocolName)
throws ItemNotFoundException
```

Description

Gets the default redirect address for the protocol.

Redirection is part of the protocol's specification, and exists for only a few predefined protocols.

Parameters

- **protocolName**—The queried protocol

Return Value

The redirect address

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- `ItemNotFoundException`—If there is no such predefined protocol in this service configuration's `ProtocolArray`

getZoneList

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Return Value](#)

Syntax

```
public ZoneList getZoneList()
```

Description

Gets this service configuration's IP, IP ranges, and host lists array. These lists are referred to by this service configuration's services.

Return Value

This service configuration's array of lists

isProtocolRedirectable

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Return Value](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public boolean isProtocolRedirectable(String protocolName)  
throws ItemNotFoundException
```

Description

Checks if a specified protocol supports redirecting.

Redirection is part of the protocol's specification, and exists for only a few predefined protocols.

Parameters

- **protocolName**—The queried protocol's name

Return Value

true if the protocol support redirection, false otherwise

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- `ItemNotFoundException`—If there is no such predefined protocol in this service configuration's `ProtocolArray`

setProtocolRedirectString

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public void setProtocolRedirectString(String protocolName,
int redirectIndex,
String value)
throws ItemNotFoundException,
MalformedURLException
```

Description

Sets the address to which to redirect a certain flow. The redirection occurs when a rule has an *ACCESS_BLOCK_AND_REDIRECT* access mode for a certain service that uses the desired protocol. The setting is done to a certain String in the redirect String array. The rule chooses which redirect String to use from the redirect String array.

Parameters

- **protocolName**—The protocol whose activity will be redirected
- **redirectIndex**—The redirect String index in the protocol's redirect String array
- **value**—The protocol's redirect address

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- `ItemNotFoundException`—If there is no such predefined protocol in this service configuration's `ProtocolArray`, or if the redirect index is out of bound
- `MalformedURLException`—If the String is an illegal URL name

setProtocolRedirectString

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public void setProtocolRedirectString(String protocolName,  
String value)  
throws ItemNotFoundException,  
MalformedURLException
```

Description

Sets the default address to which to redirect a certain flow. The redirection occurs when a rule has an *ACCESS_BLOCK_AND_REDIRECT* access mode for a certain service that uses the desired protocol.

Parameters

- **protocolName**—The desired protocol whose activity will be redirected
- **value**—The protocol's redirect address

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- *ItemNotFoundException*—If there is no such predefined protocol in this service configuration's *ProtocolArray*
- *MalformedURLException*—If the *String* is an illegal URL name

setTimeFrameName

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public void setTimeFrameName(int index,  
String newName)  
throws ItemNotFoundException,  
DuplicateItemException
```

Description

Sets an alias for the *TimeFrame* that has a given index.

The alias allows the time frame to have a meaningful name.

Parameters

- **index**—The index of the *TimeFrame* to which the alias is given
- **newName**—The alias

Exceptions

The following exceptions may be thrown by this method:

- *ItemNotFoundException*—If there is no such *TimeFrame*
- *DuplicateItemException*

setTimeFrameName

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)
- [Exceptions](#)

Syntax

```
public void setTimeFrameName(TimeFrame frame,
String newName)
throws ItemNotFoundException,
DuplicateItemException
```

Description

Sets an alias for the specified TimeFrame. The alias allows the time frame to have a meaningful name.

Parameters

- **frame**—The TimeFrame to which the alias is given
- **newName**—The alias

Exceptions

The following exception may be thrown by this method:

- **ItemNotFoundException**—If there is no such TimeFrame
- **DuplicateItemException**

setTimeFrameNames

- [Syntax](#)
- [Description](#)
- [Parameters](#)

Syntax

```
public void setTimeFrameNames(String[] newNames)
```

Description

Sets the names of all time frames.

Parameters

- **newNames**—The names to set

Information About Service Configuration API Programming Guidelines

- [Connections to the SCE Platform](#)

Connections to the SCE Platform

Make sure that connections you create using any of the `login()` methods are properly closed using `logout()` [Information About Class SCABB](#).

Information About Service Configuration API Code Examples

This section gives several code examples of Service Configuration API usage.

- [Applying a Service Configuration](#)
- [Updating Zones Automatically](#)
- [Listing Names of Services and Packages](#)

Applying a Service Configuration

The following example applies a new service configuration to the SCE platform that is specified in the command line.

```
package examples;
import java.io.File;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ConnectionApi;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ImportExportApi;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.SCABB;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ServiceConfig;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ServiceConfigApi;
import com.pcube.apps.engage.Connection;
import com.pcube.apps.engage.ConnectionFailedException;
/**
 * applies the service configuration in the PQB file to the SCE
 * specified in the command line. message is printed to standard error
 * in case of failure.
 * <p>
 * usage: java examples.SimpleApplyPqb <sce-address><password>
 * <pqb-filename>
 */
public class SimpleApplyPqb {
public static void main(String[] args) {
if (args.length != 3) {
System.err.println("usage: java examples.SimpleApplyPqb "
+ "<sce-address><password><pqb-filename>");
System.exit(1);
}
String sceAddress = args[0];
String password = args[1];
String pqbFilename = args[2];
ServiceConfig serviceConfig = openPqbFile(pqbFilename);
if (serviceConfig == null) {
return;
}
applyPqb(sceAddress, password, serviceConfig);
}
/**
 * apply the service configuration in the specified PQB file to the
 * specified SCE. message is printed to standard error in case of
 * failure.
 */
}
```

```

* @param sceAddress
* @param password
* @param serviceConfig
*/
private static void applyPqb(String sceAddress, String password,
ServiceConfig serviceConfig) {
ConnectionApi connection = null;
try {
System.out.println("connecting to SCE at " + sceAddress);
connection = SCABB.login(sceAddress, "admin", password,
Connection.SE_DEVICE);
System.out.println("connected to SCE");
System.out.println("applying service configuration");
ServiceConfigApi.applyServiceConfiguration(connection,
serviceConfig);
System.out.println("service configuration applied");
} catch (ConnectionFailedException e) {
System.err.println("connection to SCE failed: "
+ e.getMessage());
e.printStackTrace();
} catch (Exception e) {
System.err.println("apply operation failed: "
+ e.getMessage());
e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
if (connection != null) {
System.out.println("disconnecting from SCE");
SCABB.logout(connection);
System.out.println("disconnected");
}
}
}
/**
* return the service configuration in the specified PQB file, or
* null if reading the file has failed. message is printed to
* standard error in case of failure.
*
* @param pqbFilename
* @return
*/
private static ServiceConfig openPqbFile(String pqbFilename) {
ServiceConfig serviceConfig = null;
try {
System.out.println("opening PQB file " + pqbFilename);
serviceConfig = ImportExportApi
.importServiceConfiguration(new File(pqbFilename));
System.out.println("PQB file opened");
} catch (Exception e) {
System.err.println("opening PQB file failed: "
+ e.getMessage());
e.printStackTrace();
}
return serviceConfig;
}
}

```

Updating Zones Automatically

The following example updates an SCE with zone IP addresses. The zone IP addresses are specified in a CSV file.


```

package examples;
import java.io.File;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ConnectionApi;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ImportExportApi;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.SCABB;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ServiceConfig;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ServiceConfigApi;
import com.cisco.scasbb.backend.classification.Zone;
import com.pcube.apps.engage.Connection;
import com.pcube.apps.engage.ConnectionFailedException;
import com.pcube.apps.engage.common.ImportExportException;
/**
 * updates an SCE with zone IP addresses. the zone IP address are
 * specified in a CSV file. the SCE address and CSV filename are taken
 * from the cmd-line argument.
 * <p>
 * usage: java examples.UpdateZoneFromCsv <sce-address><password>
 * <zone-csv-file><zone-name>
 *
 */
public class UpdateZoneFromCsv {
public static void main(String[] args) {
if (args.length != 4) {
System.err.println("usage: java examples.UpdateZoneFromCsv"
+ " <sce-address><password>"
+ " <zone-csv-file><zone-name>");
System.exit(1);
}
String sceAddress = args[0];
String password = args[1];
String csvFilename = args[2];
String zoneName = args[3];
ServiceConfig serviceConfig = retrievePqb(sceAddress, password);
if (serviceConfig == null) {
return;
}
ServiceConfig updatedServiceConfig = importZoneFromCsv(
serviceConfig, csvFilename, zoneName);
if (updatedServiceConfig == null) {
return;
}
applyPqb(sceAddress, password, updatedServiceConfig);
}
/**
 * apply the service configuration in the specified PQB file to the
 * specified SCE. message is printed to standard error in case of
 * failure.
 *
 * @param sceAddress
 * @param password
 * @param serviceConfig
 */
private static void applyPqb(String sceAddress, String password,
ServiceConfig serviceConfig) {
ConnectionApi connection = null;
try {
System.out.println("connecting to SCE at " + sceAddress);
connection = SCABB.login(sceAddress, "admin", password,
Connection.SE_DEVICE);
System.out.println("connected to SCE");
System.out.println("applying service configuration");
ServiceConfigApi.applyServiceConfiguration(connection,
serviceConfig);
System.out.println("service configuration applied");
}

```

```

    } catch (ConnectionFailedException e) {
    System.err.println("connection to SCE failed: "
    + e.getMessage());
    e.printStackTrace();
    } catch (Exception e) {
    System.err.println("apply operation failed: "
    + e.getMessage());
    e.printStackTrace();
    } finally {
    if (connection != null) {
    System.out.println("disconnecting from SCE");
    SCABB.logout(connection);
    System.out.println("disconnected");
    }
    }
}

private static ServiceConfig importZoneFromCsv(
ServiceConfig serviceConfig, String csvFilename,
String zoneName) {
// clear zone items
Zone zone = (Zone) serviceConfig.getClassificationCfg()
.getZoneList().findByName(zoneName);
if (zone == null) {
System.err.println("WARNING: zone not found: " + zoneName);
} else {
zone.getZoneItems().clear();
}
// import new zone items
try {
ImportExportApi.importZones(serviceConfig, new File(
csvFilename));
} catch (ImportExportException e) {
System.err.println("importing zones failed: "
+ e.getMessage());
e.printStackTrace();
return null;
}
return serviceConfig;
}

private static ServiceConfig retrievePqb(String sceAddress,
String password) {
ServiceConfig retrievedServiceConfig = null;
ConnectionApi connection = null;
try {
System.out.println("connecting to SCE at " + sceAddress);
connection = SCABB.login(sceAddress, "admin", password,
Connection.SE_DEVICE);
System.out.println("connected to SCE");
System.out.println("retrieving service configuration");
retrievedServiceConfig = ServiceConfigApi
.retrieveServiceConfiguration(connection);
System.out.println("service configuration retrieved");
} catch (ConnectionFailedException e) {
System.err.println("connection to SCE failed: "
+ e.getMessage());
e.printStackTrace();
} catch (Exception e) {
System.err.println("retrieve operation failed: "
+ e.getMessage());
e.printStackTrace();
} finally {
if (connection != null) {
System.out.println("disconnecting from SCE");
SCABB.logout(connection);
}
}
}

```

```

System.out.println("disconnected");
}
}
return retrievedServiceConfig;
}
}

```

Listing Names of Services and Packages

The following example prints the names of the services and packages that are in a service configuration.

```

package examples;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Iterator;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ImportExportApi;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ServiceConfig;
import com.cisco.scabb.servconf.mgmt.ServiceConfigApi;
import com.pcube.apps.engage.common.ImportExportException;
import com.pcube.apps.engage.policy.Package;
import com.pcube.apps.engage.policy.Service;
public class IterateServiceConfig {
public static void main(String[] args)
throws ImportExportException, IOException {
// take the PQB filename from the cmd-line, or use the default
// service configuration instead
ServiceConfig serviceConfig = null;
if (args.length >0) {
serviceConfig = ImportExportApi
.importServiceConfiguration(new File(args[0]));
} else {
serviceConfig = ServiceConfigApi.importDefaultServConf();
}
System.out.println("----- package names -----");
Iterator pkgIter = serviceConfig.getPackageList().iterator();
while (pkgIter.hasNext()) {
Package pkg = (Package) pkgIter.next();
System.out.println(pkg.getNumericId() + ": "
+ pkg.getName());
}
System.out.println("----- service names -----");
Iterator svcIter = serviceConfig.getServiceList().iterator();
while (svcIter.hasNext()) {
Service svc = (Service) svcIter.next();
System.out.println(svc.getNumericId() + ": "
+ svc.getName());
}
}
}
}

```




CHAPTER 4

Information About Logging and Troubleshooting

This chapter describes the Cisco SCA BB Service Configuration API (Service Configuration API) logging functionality. API logging allows you to monitor the operations being called by the API client. API logging also allows you to troubleshoot the Service Configuration API integration.

Service Configuration API Client Logging

The Service Configuration API uses the Apache Jakarta log4j package for logging. This provides the ability to log every activated operation into the **apilog** file located in the **\${user.home}** directory.

Logging parameters are configured using the log4J properties files. To enable logging, make sure that this file is in the application's CLASSPATH. The file is read at startup of the application. If you make any changes you must restart the application.

The following is the installed content of the **log4j.properties** file:

```
# default Log4j configuration for Service Configuration API
log4j.rootCategory=INFO, apiStdout
# In order to enable the logging to the file Replace the above
# line with the following:
# log4j.rootCategory=INFO, files
# stdout is set to be a ConsoleAppender.
log4j.appender.apiStdout=org.apache.log4j.ConsoleAppender
log4j.appender.apiStdout.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout
log4j.appender.apiStdout.layout.ConversionPattern+= %d{dd-MMM HH:mm:ss.SSS} [%t] %-5p %c%n%m%n
# files is set to be a RollingFileAppender.
#log4j.appender.files=org.apache.log4j.RollingFileAppender
#log4j.appender.files.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout
#log4j.appender.files.layout.ConversionPattern+= %d{dd-MMM yyyy HH:mm:ss.SSS} [%t] %-5p %c
%x%n%m%n
#log4j.appender.files.File=${user.home}/apilog
#log4j.appender.files.Threshold=INFO
#log4j.appender.files.ImmediateFlush=true
#log4j.appender.files.MaxFileSize=1MB
#log4j.appender.files.MaxBackupIndex=4
# In order to enable debug logging uncomment the following two lines
#log4j.category.com.cisco=DEBUG
#log4j.category.com.pcube=DEBUG
```

To enable debug logging, uncomment the last two lines in the file. By default, logging is sent to the standard output.

To direct the logging to a file, uncomment the line:

```
# log4j.rootCategory=INFO, files
```

as explained in the file.